

HONORABLE MARSHA J. PECHMAN

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON

ANA LOPEZ DEMETRIO and FRANCISCO  
EUGENIO PAZ, individually and on behalf of  
all others similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

v.

SAKUMA BROTHERS FARMS, INC.,

Defendant.

NO. 2:13-cv-01918-MJP

**[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING  
PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR FINAL  
APPROVAL OF CLASS ACTION  
SETTLEMENT**

Note on Motion Calendar:  
November 14, 2014 at 10 a.m.

WHEREAS, on July 15, 2014, this Court entered its Order Preliminarily Approving Settlement, Directing Issuance of Class Notice, and Scheduling Fairness Hearing (Dkt. No. 31) (the "Preliminary Approval Order"); and

WHEREAS, individual notice complying with Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure was sent to the last-known address of each member of the Settlement Class and follow-up notice procedures outlined in the Settlement Agreement and approved by the Preliminary Approval Order (Dkt. No. 31, ¶ 6) have been completed; and

WHEREAS, a fairness hearing on final approval of the settlement was held before the Court on November 14, 2014; and

WHEREAS, the Court, being advised, finds that good cause exists for entry of the below Order; now, therefore,

1 IT IS HEREBY FOUND, ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED THAT:

2 1. Unless otherwise provided herein, all capitalized terms in this Order shall have  
3 the same meaning as set forth in the Stipulation of Settlement and Release Between Plaintiffs  
4 and Defendant (Dkt. No. 27) (the "Settlement Agreement") and/or Plaintiffs' Motion for  
5 Preliminary Approval (Dkt. No. 26).

6 2. The Court finds that notice to the Settlement Class has been completed in  
7 conformity with the Preliminary Approval Order. The Court finds that this notice was the best  
8 notice practicable under the circumstances, that it provided due and adequate notice of the  
9 proceedings and of the matters set forth therein, and that it fully satisfied all applicable  
10 requirements of law and due process.

11 3. Pursuant to Rule 23(b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the Court  
12 certifies for settlement purposes only the following Settlement Class: "All current and former  
13 migrant and seasonal employees of Sakuma who performed piece rate fruit harvest work for  
14 Sakuma in Washington at any time between October 13, 2010 and December 31, 2013."

15 4. In connection with this conditional certification, the Court makes the following  
16 findings:

17 a. The Settlement Class is so numerous that joinder of all members is  
18 impracticable;

19 b. There are questions of law or fact common to the Settlement Class for  
20 purposes of determining whether this settlement should be approved;

21 c. Plaintiffs' claims are typical of the claims being resolved through the  
22 proposed settlement;

23 d. Plaintiffs are capable of fairly and adequately protecting the interests of  
24 the Settlement Class members in connection with the proposed settlement;

25 e. For purposes of determining whether the settlement is fair, reasonable  
26 and adequate, common questions of law and fact predominate over questions affecting only

1 individual Settlement Class members. Accordingly, the Settlement Class is sufficiently  
 2 cohesive to warrant settlement by representation; and

3 f. For purposes of settlement, certification of the Settlement Class is  
 4 superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient settlement of the claims of the  
 5 Settlement Class members.

6 5. The Court has appointed Ana Lopez Demetrio and Francisco Eugenio Paz as  
 7 representatives of the Settlement Class.

8 6. The Court has appointed Marc Cote and Toby Marshall of Terrell Marshall  
 9 Daudt & Willie PLLC and Daniel Ford and Sarah Leyrer of Columbia Legal Services as  
 10 counsel for the Settlement Class.

11 7. No objections to the Settlement have been lodged.

12 8. The terms set forth in the Settlement are approved as being fair, adequate, and  
 13 reasonable in light of the degree of recovery obtained in relation to the risks faced by the  
 14 Settlement Class in litigating the claims. The Settlement Class is properly certified as part of  
 15 this settlement. The relief provided to the Settlement Class under the Settlement Agreement is  
 16 appropriate as to the individual members of the Settlement Class and as a whole.

17 9. The Court approves the payment of \$327,095.70 in attorneys' fees, \$9,141.95 in  
 18 litigation costs, and \$7,762.35 in claims administration expenses to Class Counsel as fair and  
 19 reasonable. The attorneys' fees are reasonable based on the lodestar method, which is the  
 20 appropriate method of calculation in this case because Plaintiffs' central claims are brought  
 21 under Washington statutes that contain attorney fee-shifting for successful recovery of wages  
 22 (RCW 49.48.030, RCW 49.46.090, and RCW 49.52.070) and Plaintiffs also achieved  
 23 significant injunctive relief for the Settlement Class. *See Laguna v. Coverall N. Am., Inc.*, 753  
 24 F.3d 918, 922 (9th Cir. 2014). The Court reaches this conclusion after analyzing (1) the  
 25 number of hours Class Counsel reasonably expended on the litigation multiplied by counsel's  
 26 reasonable hourly rates; (2) the substantial financial recovery for Settlement Class members as

1 well as the significant injunctive relief that Class Counsel negotiated; (3) the diligent and  
 2 efficient effort utilized by Class Counsel in litigating Plaintiffs' claims; (4) Class Counsel's  
 3 substantial experience in wage and hour and complex litigation, and skill utilized to achieve the  
 4 Settlement; (5) the hurdles to certifying the Settlement Class and proving liability and damages  
 5 at trial; (6) the relationship between the amount of the fee requested and the excellent result  
 6 obtained for the Settlement Class; and (7) the reasonableness of the litigation costs and claims  
 7 administration expenses incurred by Class Counsel. Class Counsel reasonably expended more  
 8 than 1508 hours on this litigation, not including hours spent on the notice and claims  
 9 administration process and post-settlement work on the remaining claims for declaratory relief  
 10 on the issue of rest break compensation for Sakuma's piece rate employees on a going-forward  
 11 basis. Class Counsel's hourly rates—\$300 for Marc Cote, \$275 for Sarah Leyrer, \$400 for  
 12 Toby Marshall, and \$375 for Dan Ford—are reasonable hourly rates considering these  
 13 attorneys' "experience, skill and reputation," *see Trevino v. Gates*, 99 F.3d 911, 924 (9th Cir.  
 14 1996) (quoting *Schwarz v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.*, 73 F.3d 895, 908 (9th Cir.1995)),  
 15 and considering "the prevailing market rates" in Seattle. *See Blum v. Stenson*, 465 U.S. 886,  
 16 895 (1984). Applying these reasonable hourly rates to 1508 hours reasonably expended in this  
 17 litigation, Class Counsel's lodestar is \$389,575.00. The \$327,095.70 attorneys' fee award is  
 18 substantially less than Class Counsel's lodestar, and thus, is reasonable.

19 10. The Court approves the incentive payments of \$3,000 each to Plaintiffs Ana  
 20 Lopez Demetrio and Francisco Eugenio Paz. These awards reasonably compensate Plaintiffs  
 21 for their time and effort in stepping forward to serve as proposed class representatives, assisting  
 22 in the investigation, keeping abreast of the litigation, being deposed, and meeting and  
 23 communicating with Class Counsel on an ongoing basis regarding the progress of the litigation,  
 24 including participation in mediation.

1           11.     The Settlement Agreement is binding on all Settlement Class Members except  
2 for the two Settlement Class Members who opted out of the Settlement Agreement with a valid  
3 Exclusion Request.

4           12.     Class Counsel received \_\_\_\_\_ valid and timely claim forms. Each of these  
5 Qualified Claimants shall be entitled to receive a pro rata share of the Settlement Fund as set  
6 forth in the Settlement Agreement. In the event that any non-wage portion of the Settlement  
7 Fund has not been disbursed as provided for in the Settlement Agreement after a period of one  
8 hundred twenty (120) calendar days from the date on which the disbursement checks to  
9 Qualified Claimants were issued by the Settlement Administrator, then the Settlement  
10 Administrator shall disburse the remaining amounts of non-wage funds to the Northwest Justice  
11 Project (“NJP”), with a request that any such funds be earmarked by NJP for assistance to  
12 agricultural workers. The work of NJP benefits people who, like Settlement Class members,  
13 may require legal assistance regarding unlawful wage practices, and their work therefore serves  
14 “the objectives of the underlying statutes[] and the interests of the silent class members . . .  
15 .” *Lane v. Facebook, Inc.*, 696 F.3d 811, 819-20 (9th Cir. 2012) (internal quotation omitted).  
16 If any Qualified Claimants fail to cash wage award checks within one year of distribution,  
17 Sakuma must report and deliver such funds to the state Department of Revenue pursuant to  
18 RCW 63.29.

19           13.     Pursuant to the terms of the Settlement Agreement, upon final approval by the  
20 Court, Plaintiffs, individually and on behalf of the Settlement Class Members, will release will  
21 release, to the extent permitted by law, Sakuma Brothers Farms, Inc., from any and all claims  
22 for alleged wage and hour violations asserted in the Operative Complaint, including claims  
23 under WAC 296-131-020, RCW 49.46.090, RCW 49.46.070, WAC 296-131-015, WAC 296-  
24 131-017, WAC 296-128-010, RCW 49.52.050, 29 U.S.C. § 1822(a), 29 U.S.C. § 1832(a), 29  
25 U.S.C. § 1821(d)(2), 29 U.S.C. § 1831(c)(2), 29 U.S.C. § 1821(d)(1), 29 U.S.C. § 1831(c)(1),  
26 29 U.S.C. § 1822(c), 29 U.S.C. § 1832(c)), that arose between October 23, 2010 and December

31, 2013. This release does not include (1) Plaintiffs and class members' claims for declaratory relief on the issue of whether Sakuma must pay for the time piece rate workers spend in rest breaks under WAC 296-131-020(2) and the MWA on a going-forward basis in 2014 ("Unreleased Claim for Declaratory Relief"); (2) any claim arising out of the Crop Assignment, promissory note, and confession of judgment Sakuma will provide as security for its payment obligations under this Settlement Agreement; and (3) any claim for retaliation for participating in this class action lawsuit or benefitting from the Agreed Injunctive Relief.

14. Neither this Order nor any aspect of the Settlement Agreement is to be construed or deemed an admission of liability, culpability, negligence, or wrongdoing on the part of Defendant. Defendant specifically denies any liability. Each of the Parties to the settlement entered into the Settlement Agreement with the intention to avoid further disputes and litigation with the attendant inconvenience and expenses.

15. Without affecting the finality of this Order, or the judgment to be entered pursuant hereto, in any way, the Court retains jurisdiction over the claims against Defendants for purposes of addressing: (1) any disputes arising from the Settlement Agreement; (2) settlement administration matters; (3) such post-judgment matters as may be appropriate under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure; and (4) Plaintiffs' and class members' claims for declaratory relief on the issue of whether Sakuma must provide pay for the time piece-rate workers spend in rest breaks under WAC 296-131-020(2) and/or the Washington Minimum Wage Act on a going-forward basis. The Settlement and this Final Approval Order do not resolve, and Plaintiffs and class members do not release, such claims for declaratory relief. Plaintiffs have filed a Motion to Certify Legal Questions to Washington Supreme Court (Dkt. No. 32) regarding the underlying legal issues for those claims for declaratory relief, and this Court will decide that motion in due course.

16. The Clerk shall enter a judgment certifying the Settlement Class and finally approving the Settlement Agreement.

1 IT IS SO ORDERED.

2 DATED this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2014.

3  
4  
5 \_\_\_\_\_  
6 Honorable Marsha J. Pechman  
7 United States Magistrate Judge

8 Presented by:

9 TERRELL MARSHALL DAUDT & WILLIE PLLC

10 By: /s/ Marc C. Cote, WSBA #39824

11 Toby J. Marshall, WSBA #32726

Email: tmarshall@tmdwlaw.com

12 Marc C. Cote, WSBA #39824

Email: mcote@tmdwlaw.com

13 Beau C. Haynes, WSBA #44240

Email: bhaynes@tmdwlaw.com

14 936 North 34th Street, Suite 300

15 Seattle, Washington 98103

Telephone: (206) 816-6603

16 Facsimile: (206) 350-3528

17 COLUMBIA LEGAL SERVICES

18 By: /s/ Sarah Leyrer, WSBA #38311

19 Daniel G. Ford, WSBA #10903

Email: dan.ford@columbialegal.org

20 Sarah Leyrer, WSBA #38311

Email: sarah.leyrer@columbialegal.org

21 101 Yesler Way, Suite 300

22 Seattle, Washington 98104

Telephone: (206) 464-5936

23 Facsimile: (206) 382-3386

24 *Attorneys for Plaintiffs and Proposed Class*

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Marc C. Cote, hereby certify that on September 23, 2014, I electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification of such filing to the following:

Adam S. Belzberg  
Email: abelzberg@grahamdunn.com  
GRAHAM & DUNN  
Pier 70  
2801 Alaskan Way, Suite 300  
Seattle, Washington 98121-1128  
Telephone: (206) 340-9654  
Facsimile: (206) 340-9599

*Attorney for Defendants*

DATED this 23rd day of September, 2014.

TERRELL MARSHALL DAUDT & WILLIE PLLC

By: /s/ Marc C. Cote, WSBA #39824

Marc C. Cote, WSBA #39824  
Email: mcote@tmdwlaw.com  
936 North 34th Street, Suite 300  
Seattle, Washington 98103  
Telephone: (206) 816-6603  
Facsimile: (206) 350-3528

*Attorneys for Plaintiffs and Proposed Class*